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WASHINGTON, D, C., FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1920-THIRTY-TWO PAGES.

#### TWO CENTS.

## **B. L. PRINCE QUITS** AND C. M. TOWERS NAMED TAX HEAD

#### Collector Resigns to Become Official in Finance Corporation.

Resignation of Ben L. Prince as collector of taxes of the District and appointment of Chatham M. Towers, deputy collector, to succeed him, was announced by Commissioner Brownlow

Mr. Prince explained that he is leaving the District service to become vice president and treasurer of the International Finance Corporation being organized.

The new corporation will have its main offices in the National Metropoli-tan Bank building, this city, and will handle trade acceptances for commercial houses and manufacturing concerns throughout the United States.

#### Letter of Resignation.

Mr. Prince's letter of resignation to the Commissioners reads as follows: "Having been tendered and having accepted the position of treasurer of the International Finance Corpora-tion, I desire to submit my resigna-

tion, I desire to submit my resignation as collector of taxes, to become
effective as soon after May 20 as
may be convenient to you.

"In leaving the service of the District government, may I not expressto both of you my sincere appreciation for the splendid co-operation
which it has been my privilege always to have in my endeavor to conduct the affairs of the collector's office? It is with great reluctance that
I relinquish such pleasant and agreeable affiliations." able affiliations."

#### Mr. Brownlow Acts Quickly. As soon as the letter was received Commissioner Brownlow called Deputy Collector Towers to his office and of- be corrected at the Washington city

up in the service.

This is the sixth vacancy at the head of a department which Commissioner Brownlow has filled in the past eighteen months by promoting men who have spent years in the service of the city. They are Health Officer Fowler, Corporation Counsel Stephens, Auditor Department of the control o for Paniel J. Donovan, Superintendent of Police Gessford, Daniel Garges, sec-retary to the board of commissioners,

Mr. Towers in Office 25 Years. Mr. Towers is forty-eight years old and has been in the office of the col-lector of taxes for twenty-five years. His family moved to Washington when he was five years old and he has lived here since. Mr. Towers' father

years to an earnest effort to give faithful service. I have formed friendships which I value more than I can find words to express."

Officials of the city post office recognize the situation, but are helpless to right the condition. They hope that the report of the commission on

ships which I value more than I can find words to express."

Mr. Prince has been collector of taxes since April 1, 1914. During his tenure the office has grown from a force of twenty-four to forty employes. A few years ago the work of the collector was increased by the transfer from the assessor's office of the bookkeeping and bill rendering divisions. The arrears division also has been placed under the collector. has been placed under the collector. has been placed under the collector.

Mr. Prince was born at Old Springfield, Tex., January 26, 1881. He was
educated in the public schools of
Texas and also attended the Southwestern University, the Texas State
Normal School and the Metropolitan
Business College of Dallas.

He came to Washington in 1907 as
secretary to Representative Rufus
Hardy of Texas, and also served as
clerk to the House committee on exclerk to the House committee on expenditures in the Navy Department. He remained in that position until ap-pointed collector of taxes of the Dis-trict in 1914.

#### **BAVARIAN SOLDIERS** MOVED FROM RUHR

BERLIN, May 7.-Bavarian troops which have been in the Ruhr basin have been withdrawn, according to the Norddeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung. The Prussian assembly has adopted proposals for the creation of local guards which will be connected with the state

### **U. S. JUDGE HOLDS LEVER**

COLUMBUS, Ga., May 7.—The Lever food control act was held constitutional by United States Judge S. B. to prove the states of the country papers have no paper. Publishers of the country pages with the country pages with the country pages with the country pages. Sibley here today in overruling de-murrers in the case of the Ogleby and they have turned their eyes to murrers in the case of the Ogleby Grocery Company of Atlanta, and W. A. Albright, its president, recently indicted by the federal grand jury for alleged profiteering in sugar.

#### ART MUSEUM CELEBRATES.

#### Metropolitan Founded Fifty Years Ago-Federation Meeting.

NEW YORK, May 7.-The Metropolitan Museum of Art today entered upon ovsk, the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of its foundation with the opening of a special exhibition to illustrate the growth of the institution and the development of its different lines of activity. The principal galleries of the museum have been closed since April 26 to prepare for the exhibition. The building was opened this afternoon for a private view for the members of the museum and their friends. Commencing tomortow, the exhibition will be open to the Commemoration exercises will In connection with the celebration the American Federation of Arts will hold its annual meeting at the museum May

Closing Argument in Best's Trial.

PONTIAC Mich., May 7.—Cosing arguments were made this forenoon in the stall of Anson Best, accused of killing in the dry kiln plant of the W. S. Whiting Lumber Company at midnight last night destroyed the flooring departments. The fire was the property of the costly Johnson City has ever limited to minety minutes on each side.

JOHNSON CITY. Tenn., May 7.—continues:

"American butter is poor and American cheese cannot be eaten. American chickens are emaclated and scrawny and one has the feeling it is a cruelty to put a knife to them. All American dishes have passed through cold storage."

## Named Tax Collector



# WOULD READJUST CARRIERS' SALARIES

#### Regulars Get Less Than Substitutes at Washington Post Office.

A condition which it is hoped will fered him the position, which pays \$4.000 a year.

News of the appointment of Mr. Towers was received with approval throughout the District building, because in selecting the deputy collector the Commissioners again recognized the washington city post office by the report of the commission on reclassification of postal salaries, soon to be made to Congress, is that existing whereby substitute carriers receive more money than regular letter carriers.

This condition was strikingly brought home today by an investigation showing that twenty-four employes of the local post office come within the retirement age of sixty-five years set by the conferees of Congress on the retirement legislation. gress on the retirement legislation. Seven of those at the city post of-fice sixty-five years old or over are letter carriers, and these will be re-placed, when retired by substitute

# CONTROLS NEWS PRINT

#### Cortland Smith Tells Senate Investigators of "Corner" in Paper, Made by Manufacturers.

Charges of a "corner" in print paper were made today before the Senate committee investigating the paper shortage by Cortland Smith of New York, president of the American Press Mr. Smith testified that print paper

manufacturers were in a conspiracy to regulate both production and prices. a substitute for wood pulp must be found. He urged a congressional appropriation of \$250,000 to be used in experimenting with substitutes, and asked that it be placed in the hands of persons who cannot be reached by the paper manufacturers.

JUDGE HOLDS LEVER
ACT CONSTITUTIONAL

Describing the country press as "having its back to the wall," the witness declared that unless relief witness r

### this committee.' JAPANESE BEAT 4,000 RUSS.

Victory Is Scored in Vicinity of Khabarovsk, in Siberia. TOKIO, May 3 (by the Associated Press).—The fourteenth Japanese division on April 29 defeated 4,000 bolsheviki in the vicinity of Khabarovsk, in Siberia, near the Manchuran frontier, it was semi-officially

announced today. A dispatch received in London on April 27 said that a Russian firm in Tientsin, China, had received a cablegram announcing the annihila-tion of a Japanese division in the Khabarovsk district. The dispatch added that no official statement concerning the incident could be obtain-

Aggressive actions by the bolshe-viki at Khabarovsk, Nikolsk and Vladivostok were given by the Japseizure of Vladivostok early in April

\$200,000 Fire in Johnson City, Tenn. JOHNSON CITY, Tenn., May 7 .-

## for District of Columbia SAYS PROFITEERING IN INDUSTRY CAUSE OF THE HIGH PRICES

#### Study on Subject by Loan **Board Presented to Rail**way Board.

A study of profiteering in American industry, made under the auspices of the railway brotherhoods, was presented to the Railroad Labor Board today in support of the railway workrs' demands, for higher pay and to refute the charge that increased labor costs are responsible for the high cost of living.

Prepared by W. J. Lauck, former secretary of the War Labor Board, the study seeks to show that profiteering in industry is the fundamental cause for high prices in practically all commodities. It gives many statistics to support that contention

War-Made Millionaires Shown. Calling attention to the many war made millionaires, the study contends that a three-fold relationship exists between high prices, profiteering and the addition to the quota of millionaires," and that the increase in the wealth of the wealthy is an "un-answerable" refutation to all at-tempts to charge labor with profit-eering, and to all attempts to hold labor responsible for the high cost of living.

"For, if invested wealth gets a larger return," said the study, "a larger proportion of the national in-come than formerly, the man who

come than formerly, the man who gives personal service or labor is bound to get a smaller proportion. The menace of the future lies in the probability that the vast profits which are still held in reserve will be controlled. capitalized in order that, under the pretext of a fair return on capital those who own them may continue to take the larger proportion of national income, even at the expense of very great suffering on the part of work-ers, when the overstimulation of war has passed away."

Sugar Raise vs. Labor Cost. Of the extraordinary increase in the price of sugar, now amounting to 300 per cent, the study says, the increase in labor cost paid by the consumer was less than 15 per cent. The result of advanced prices, according to the quoted reports of twelve companies producing over half of the sugar consumed in the United States, was pictured in the net profits of these concerns which, it was said, rose from an average of \$11,000,000 during the years 1912-1914 to \$34,000.000 for the years 1916-1918. price of sugar, now amounting to 300

years 1912-1914 to \$35,000,000 for the years 1916-1918.

In the meat-packing industry, where profits were said to have increased between 300 and 400 per cent, the labor item was shown so small that a wage increase of 100 per cent would add less than 5 per cent to the total cost less than 5 per cent would add less than 5 per cent to the total cost less than 5 per cent would add le Work of Substitutes.

Substitute carriers receive 60 cents an hour, and by working merely eight hours a day can earn at least \$1,497 a year. A substitute may be a comparatively "green hand."

When the substitute becomes quite competent he is "promoted" to regular carrier, his salary immeditely dropping back to \$1,000 a year. With

proportion of the proceeds of the in-dustry received by the coal operators was shown as increased from 75 to 400 per cent.

Profiteering did not stop with the armistice, the report declared, presenting figures to show that corporation profits in 1919 were 110 per cent over the pre-war average, which means, the study added, that 1919 profits were more than double the average for the years 1912-1914. An average of \$1,200 per family of five during the years 1916-1918 was declared to be probably a highly con-servative estimate of the actual cost

of corporate profiteering to the con

Submits General Demands. Concluding his study, Mr. Lauck submitted the following general de-mands in the name of the railroad workers:
"1. Labor in general, and railroad labor in particular, must have wage increases proportionate to advances in living costs.
"2. In the present crisis, and for in labor and material costs. "3. Producers and middlemen must refrain from including income and excess profit taxes in their costs and passing them on to the consumer with an added profit. "4. The principle of a living wage must be accepted and established in

## **EATING AN ANNOYANCE**

order that normal production may be restored and increased production hoped for in all fields of industry."

Americans Bend Every Effort to Simplify Process, She Says, Scores Character of Food.

PARIS, May 7 .- American food, as erved in restaurants in that country did not favorably impress the Duchess of Clermont-Tonnerre, who visited the United States last autumn and has written a book on her trip. Americans do not consider eating seriously enough, she indicates, and try to "simplify the performance." The only American foods appearing to have made an appeal to the duchess were red bananas, California apples and oranges and "hams of Virginia." "One must admit," she says in her book, "that food in America is not good. To a Frenchman, the word 'meal' cannot be implied to the bolt-

ing down of a club sandwich in five or six bites while standing before a luncheon bar. The necessity of eating seems to have become for Americans a sort of monotonous and obligatory annoyance and they are bending all endeavors toward simplifying the per comprehend why an American should require less time for his whole lunch-

eon than one of her countrymen needs to merely scan the wine list," and continues:



# SCHOOLS OF D. C.

#### Committee Impressed of **Need of Increased Facilities** by Conditions Revealed.

The need of increased school facili ties for the children of the District of Columbia was strongly impressed upon members of the Senate seleccommittee appointed to investigate the school system here during a tour of the school buildings today.

Consideration was given to the pro-posal to purchase a tract of land which could be used as a stadium by the students at Dunbar High School, the Armstrong Manual Training School and ten or twelve other colored cshools in that vicinity. The committee seemed to be favorably impressed with the idea,

The hearings before the Senate committee have all been printed and now are being indexed for the use of the are peing indexed for the use of the committee. It is understood that a rough draft of a report is being pre-pared and will before long be sub-mitted for the consideration of the

#### VIRGINIA WHEAT, \$2.90; HIGHEST IN FIFTY YEARS

WINCHESTER, Va., May 7 (Special).-Many farmers of the lower Shenandoah valley who have been holding their wheat crops since last harvest are now disposing of the grain at \$2.90 per bushel, the highest price paid for wheat in this section

### BRITISH MOVE SULTAN

LONDON, May 7 .- A Moscow wireless message today declares that the British government has removed the Sultan of Turkey to Broussa, the anfor meals or rooms or goods wanted
by the American traveler than the

Allied Reply Taken to Budapest. sent to the conference.

#### Notice to **Advertisers**

Yesterday and again today The Star omitted many columns of advertising in order to keep within its maximum of thirty-two pages. Practically every advertisement in today's Star has been very materially reduced in size. The Star regrets the neces-

sity for omitting or reducing advertisements, but while the news print paper situation continues serious advertisements will only be accepted with the understanding that they will be used in such reduced space as may be found necessary.

#### HEARKEN, YE AUTOISTS. Here's Italian Chemist With Fuel

liquid hydrogen. It may be used in driving automobiles, one gallon being sufficient for 250 miles. It also may be utilized in railway locomotives and in the engines of

# **ARE DISCOURAGING**

senger the city offices were on let street between B and C streets. He saw the service grow until it more, so that by the time he has worked four or five years and received his bonus for the year he will be making about as much as when he was a substitute carrier.

Mr. Towers wag promoted from clerk of assistant cashier, later to cashier and seven years ago to deputy collector. He lives at 243 12th street northeast.

Mr. Prince, discussing his departure from the District service state:

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Mr. Prince, discussing his departure from the District service of the schoolhouses the children were crowded in as thickly as half the retail price of certain kinds of cloth, the report declared, while the price of the price. Said:

Mr. Prince, discussing his departure from the District service of the schoolhouses the children were crowded in as thickly as half the retail price of certain kinds the cond before one-state price of the schoolhouses the children. The cond the price of the schoolhouses the children were crowded in as thickly as that the mounts to from one-four-tent to one-twentient to one-twentient to one-twenti their money.

The writer has obtained a survey of conditions in Europe as revealed in official reports, and while France and England are much better off than other countries, nevertheless transportation facilities everywhere are

other countries, nevertheless transportation facilities everywhere are crowded to the limit and American ranza had left the Mexican capital for portation facilities everywhere are tourists are finding it uncomfortable to move around. Foreign Conditions. Fortunately, France and England are not in as bad shape as eastern and southern Poland and parts of

Germany. Typhoid fever and spotted fever have come over the borders of soviet Russia into Poland, and while the Poles are striving hard to care for these patients, there are difficul-ties galore in handling the situation. Food in Germany is hardly of the best, and any one who needs care and nourishment ought not to risk his or her health in the central empires. The Department of State is not issuing passports to any of the central Eu-ropean countries, but at the same time there is no restriction upon Americans going into Germany when once they are in France or England or Belgium. Shooting Prices Skyward. Perhaps the most embarrassing

hase of the whole situation is th TO BROUSSA, IS REPORT way the Europeans are increasing their prices and discriminating against Americans. This is most noticeable in Germany, where the sup-position that all Americans are wealthy is the basis for higher prices ATING AN ANNOYANCE

IN U. S., SAYS DUCHESS

Suitan of Turkey to Broussa, the ancient Turkish capital, south of Constantinople across the sea of Marmora and about twenty miles inland from the coast of that sea. Special quarters have been taken for the sultan there, the message asserts. man forty and possibly everybody else only thirty. Much of the same sort of discrimi-

Allied Reply Taken to Budapest.

PARIS. May 7.—The reply of the peace conference to Hungarian objections to the peace treaty have been taken to Budapest by the heads of the Hungarian delegation.

The Hungarian government will be asked to pass on the definite conditions for peace before a reply will be sent to the conference.

Much of the same sort of discrimination to though in both countries the governments are doing their utmost to keep it under control. They realize that American tourists will not long submit to such discrimination, and Europe is too anxious to have americans come abroad to spend their money to carry the game too far. On the other hand accommodations are difficult to get, and the law of sunply difficult to get, and the law of supply and demand is to some extent re-sponsible for the high rates being

Then, too, there is a common im pression that every American who comes abroad gets a lot of money when he changes his dollars into marks or francs or English pounds. For many months Europe has suffered from the effects of the unfavorable rate of foreign exchange in endeav-oring to buy commodities in the United States, and the American tourist is now paying some of that defi-Dangers of "Blowing Up."

Aside, however, from physical con-ditions of travel with hotels crowded trains taxed to the very doors and aisles, and good food scarce in many parts of Europe, there are certain dangers of a blow-up that may any cause American tourists incon-Nobody can fortell the future, but the number of strikes and industrial disturbances is increasing. In one case Americans who went from Paris to a

seaport town to get their ship for America found a dock strike, and inasmuch as the sailing of the vessel was postponed, they pleaded with the steamship officials to let them board the ship. There were absolutely no (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

# ATTACK GONZALES FORCES AT OTUMBA

engagement already has occurred between the vanguard of the Carranzista troops and the rebels at Otumba, between Mexico City and the city of Puebla.

Authoritative advices reaching Washington today said Gonzales had declared that he was not in league with the obstructionists and would resist them by force of arms, This was regarded as complicating the distinction of Mr. Post's actions, declaring that outside salaries paid to reporters caused them to make unfair statements. Under questioning by Chairman Campbell, the assistant secretary said he could "not prove a single case" of reporters being influenced in their articles resist them by force of arms, This was regarded as complicating the distinction in Mexico. Gonzales has designed martial law in Puebla City, according to the motorists of this city. Portions of this extension which are in the worst condition have been der questioning by Chairman Campbell, the assistant secretary said he could "not prove a single case" of reporters being influenced in their articles residing Mr. Post.

Mr. Campbell said he was ignorant of reporters having outside sources of stones heing thrown out from the country of Mr. Post's actions, declaring that outside salaries paid to reporters caused them to make unfair statements. Under questioning by Chairman Campbell, the assistant secretary said he could "not prove a single case" of reporters being influenced in their articles regarding Mr. Post.

Mr. Campbell said he was ignorant of reporters having outside sources of stones heing thrown out from the country of Mr. Campbell said he was ignorant of reporters having outside sources of stones heing thrown out from the country of Mr. Campbell said he was ignorant of reporters having outside sources of stones heing thrown outsides.

Traffic Is Suspended. City and Guadalajara has City and Guadalajara has been sus-pended. A passenger train on this line was attacked by rebels at Penline was attacked by repels at realization on May 5 and robbed of a considerable sum of government funds ducted by the Department of Justice, which have resulted in 5,000 arrests since last fall, the assistant secretary soldiers at Guadalajara, where, at soldiers at Guadalajara, where, at since last fall, the assistant secretar last advices, Gen. Dieguez had 8,000 testified that the only weapons foun

The State Department today had no Mr. Post entered into a long review confirmation of a private message re- of the evidence in the case of Thom-

troops under Gen. Aguilar. aded for Vera Cruz.

Might Cling to Title.

the capital. Official advices from the American official advices from the American embassy at Mexico City said E. R. Greenlaw, the American, and his son, who were killed last Saturday near Mexico City, were robbed at the same time of a part of the company pay roll, amounting to 4,500 pesos. Greenlaw was sixty-4,500 pesos. Greenlaw was sixty-three years old and his son thirty two. Mrs. Greenlaw and a minor child were in Mexico City.

EL PASO, Tex., May 7.-Mobilization

NOT GIVE UP PRESIDENCY MEXICO CITY, May 7 (by the Associated Press).—Refusal to abandon the

# CARRANZA TROOPS

# Rebel General Complicates

situation in Mexico. Gonzales has de-clared martial law in Puebla City, according to these advices, and has exacted a loan of 200,000 pesos from the Raises Question of Jurisdiction Department of Justice agents hav

Rebel agents declared Carranza's manifesto in which he insisted he would not surrender the presidency was not inconsistent with their belief that he would abandon the capi-

nouncement that Carranza had quit

#### THINKS FAMINE DANGER **WILL FORCE CARRANZA** TO SEEK A COMPROMISE

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

### SAYS CAMINETTI DELAYED ACTION IN DEPORTATIONS OF MAIN D. C. ROADS

#### Post Declares Commissioner Find Thoroughfares Leading Compiled "Unlawful Memoranda."

Appearing before the House rules eral of immigration, had delayed action in deportations by withholding cases so he might compile "an un-

Mr. Post said that the Secretary of Labor alone was authorized by law to issue warrants for deportation, and also was the sole judge in ordering deportations. The immigration committee, Mr. Post added, assumed throughout its report that Mr. Caminette had power to recommend deportations.

no legal right to examine aliens held for deportation, Mr. Post said, as that

who have been given a hearing, he said, testified that they favored use of violence in bringing about a

Explains Truss Case.

Tabulation.

NEW YORK, May 7 .- There are 641,-

These figures, said to represent the first authentic tabulation, have been made public here by the committee for aid to disabled veterans and ref-

KAISER MUST GO TO COURTS.

Prussian Assembly Inclined to Let

Financial Arrangements Drop.

LONDON, May 6 .- A Berlin dispatch

probable that the whole question of

financial arrangements with the

11-Cent Loaf Bread in Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 7.-An increase in

the price of bread from 10 to 11 cents

a pound loaf wholesale, effective Mon-day, was announced today by one

Discusses Collective Bargaining.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7 .- Collective

bargaining, whether inaugurated by

the employer or forced upon him by

employes, marks a revolution in the

large baking company.

erendum on the bonus.

change of government.

CHATHAM M. TOWERS.

# SENATORS INSPECT

#### Giving 250 Miles to the Gallon. ROME, May 6.—Dr. Pasticci, a noted chemist, has discovered a method of cheaply producing

# 

of reporters having outside sources of revenue, but Mr. Post said he thought it was common knowledge.

Passenger 'traffic between Mexico right is granted by law only to immigration inspectors.

Referring to the "red" raids conby the department agents were three

men in his command. Increased rebel activity is reported in the vicinity of Vera Cruz, where President Carranza's son-in-law, Gen. said, testified that they favored use Candido Aguilar, is in command of No Confirmation of Flight.

Vera Cruz. The private advices said the president left Mexico City last night, accompanied by a guard of According to the message Carranza left Mexico City last night accompanied by a guard of troops under command of his son-in-law, Candido Aguilar, and that he ostensibly was

Analysis of reports yesterday on the Mexican situation had caused the revolutionary agents here to predict that President Carranza would aban-don the capital soon, either in flight from the country or to some point from where he would attempt to carry on government business and direct military operations against the rebels. view of the situation found support in official quarters, where the greater part of the reports received had indicated a steady growth of the rebellion.

tal, pointing out that he might cling to the title of presidency from an office in Vera Cruz or from any conoffice in Vera Cruz or Irom any convenient refuge.

A message to rebel headquarters here, saying the president of the municipality of Mexico City was organizing a civilian guard for the protection of the city "in the event of its evacuation," was regarded by the revolutionary agents as significant and had prepared them for the announcement that Carranza had quit

of troops, believed to be intended for use in a concerted attack on Mexico City, continued today at Juarez. T. R. Beltran, commercial agent of the liberal constitutional party at El Paso, is authority for the statement that impending famine in Mexico City had forced Carranza to seek a com-promise with the revolutionary forces. Gen. P. Elias Calles, commander of troops in northern Mexico, told the Associated Press correspondent yes-terday, however, he did not believe that impending famine in Mexico City the revolutionists would consider any proposal until actual conditions upon which a compromise would be made

CARRANZA SAYS HE WILL

# **FAULTY CONDITION**

### to Maryland Unrepaired and Dangerous.

Complaints are being heard on all ommittee today to defend his official sides regarding the atroclous condiconduct in alien deportations, Louis tion of the main streets and roads F. Post, assistant secretary of the leading from the District to the Labor Department, charged that An- Maryland state line. Motorists are at thony Caminetti, commissioner gen- loss to understand the cause for the

workable weather gone by, in either reases so he might compile "an unauthorized and unlawful memoranda" recommending final action.

Mr. Post declared that last March he changed the custom that had grown up in the department of permitting Mr. Caminetti to make recommendations, and went direct to the record to make the final decision himself. This, he argued, was the only legally authorized procedure.

At the time of the change, Mr. Post said, "scores and scores of cases had piled up in the immigration bureau, with the result that many aliens were being held in jail for months.

"The change was not made until political offenders were arrested," replied Chairman Campbell.

"I understand your imputation," answered Mr. Post, adding that he had always acted directly on the evidence and not upon the commissioner general's recommendation.

Mr. Post said that the House immigration committee showed only a slight idea of deportation recommended by Commissioner General of Immigration Caminetti and immigration inspectors.

Denles Caminetti's Authority.

Mr. Post said that the Secretary of Labor alone was authorized by law to issue warrants for deportation, and also was the sole judge in ordering or resurfacing them examples of the District's neglect of its much traveled roads is Connecticut avenue and the District of a small stretch of asphalt between Cathedral avenue and the Bladensburg road from 15th and H streets northeast to the Maryland line.

The run out Connecticut avenue to Chevy Chase Circle, except of a small stretch of a small stretch of a small stretch of a small streets of the Maryland line.

The run out Connecticut avenue and larger, though a highly developmental streets of a small stre

off and strewn along the roadside. Ten Mile Speed Limit. It is stated that it is impossible t drive at a speed in excess of ten miles an hour on this road. Another thoroughfare which should demand immediate attention is 16th street northwest from Kennedy street to Alaska avenue, and the Maryland

in front of a radiator, the result of stones being thrown out from the wheels of other automobiles.
These accidents, and the broken prings and axles constitute the average

casualties of the District motorist when he wished to take a short drive in the limits of Washington.

Other roads which are in urgent need of repair are: Michigan avenue from 1st street northwest to Brookland and Langdon, and to its inter section with the Queen's Chapel road; Benning road, Pennsylvania avenue southeast leading to the Upper Mari-boro road, and Rhode Island avenue northeast, a small portion of which has only recently been paved. Massachusetts avenue from S stree northwest to its intersection with Wisconsin avenue is also in bad shape and likewise Wisconsin avenue out through Tenleytown to the Maryland

line. Night Driving Dangerous.

as Truss of Baltimore, an alien arrested as a member of the communist party, whose deportation warrant was canceled by the assistant secretary. He declared the evidence showed that Truss was a socialist and was among the social socia Truss was a socialist and was among those who quit that party because of a dispute among the members. those who quit that party because of a dispute among the members.

Before formal organization of the communist party, Truss, Mr. Post said, agreed to join it but later withdrew the agreement after reading the party charter.

The assistant secretary explained that he reviewed Truss' case at length because his action in, it had been freely criticised. He added that this case was typical of those in which he had canceled deportation warrants.

The committee adjourned for the day before the witness had completed his statement, and he will be heard again tomorrow.

641,900 WAR PENSIONERS.

Figures Represent First Authentic Tabulation.

NEW YORK May 7 Theorem 18 ter of fact, according to the majority of motorists, it is almost criminally reckless to attempt to traverse these roads without the use of headlights. The illumination is not sufficient to drop into a hole, which would probably seriously damage his car. The greatest caution is necessary even in the daytime, but conditions are a hundred-fold worse at night without the use of the Proper lights.

The streets and avenues committee of the Washington Board of Trade, T. Janney Brown, chairman, has taken cognizance of the condition of these roads and has made recommendations for their immediate improvement. The committee states, after investigation, that the roads are constructed of water-bound macadam, which is not durable enough to support the large amount of heavy traffic.

It is recommendation in this respect

mount of heavy traffic. Its recommendation in this respect

for future existence, at annual cost of \$325,000,000, according to Dr. W. C. Rucker, chief medical adviser of the bureau of war risk insurance, who reports this number discharged from the Army and Navy with disabilities.

These figures, said to represent the first authentic tabulation iniscent of the small country towns passed through on tour. A beautiful state road leads up to the town and out of it, but in the town itself the roads are kept in such bad condition

that driving faster than a walk will wreck the car. It appears now as if there was no road out of the District over which motorist can travel with any de gree of comfort and safety. It is a condition that all agree should be speedily rectified.

#### FRENCH IN RETREAT to the London Times says it seems AND MAY QUIT CILICIA Hohenzollern family will be allowed to drop, as the Prussian assembly shows no inclination to bring it forward again for discussion. The dispatch adds that the only course open to former Emperor William, therefore, will be action in the courts.

NEW YORK, May 7.-The French have retreated from Cilicia and may entirely evacuate northern Syria, according to a dispatch received here

cording to a dispatch received here today by the near east relief from Dr. James L. Barton, its representative in Constantinople.

Hadjin, which has been besieged by Turkish forces for more than a month, now is defended only by Armenian troops, the dispatch added. The Armenians are defending Aintab against assaults which began May 1, and all the French have retreated from the city excepting a small force left to guard college buildings. Many residents are leaving the city.

#### ORDERS BARBERS' SUPPLY ASSOCIATION DISSOLVED NEW YORK, May 7 .- The Barbers!

employes, marks a revolution in the status of wage earners, according to William L. Leiserson, chairman of the labor adjustment board of the clothing industry at Rochester, N. Y., who spoke on "labor representation in industrial management" at the opening session of the annual meeting of the American Academy of Political and Social Science here today.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The Barber New York, M Supply Dealers' Association of Amer ica, with headquarters in this cit and branches throughout the Unit States, prosecuted under the Shern anti-trust act, was ordered dissolu